

# The Mobile Java Card<sup>TM</sup>\* Grid Project

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**Abstract.** This position paper presents an overview of the Mobile Java Card Grid project that consists in setting up a grid like mobile infrastructure based on SIM cards. It combines the Java Card Grid infrastructure developed at the LaBRI, the SIM experience and tools of the Royal Holloway University of London, and some features of the MADNESS project developed at the XLIM.

**KEYWORDS:** *Java Card, (U)SIM, JSR177, Java Midlet, GSM/3G, Secure Distributed Environment, Security of Mobile Applications.*

## 1 Introduction

The goal of the Mobile Java Card Grid project is to explore new application domains, by extending to a mobile context based on mobile phones the possibilities offered by the original Java Card Grid [1] developed at the LaBRI by the Distributed Systems and Objects team. The mobile grid will be composed of (U)SIM cards embedded in a set of mobile phones, what makes it possible to achieve this extension still providing the same level of security as in the original platform which is composed of Java Cards,

In this paper we present the main characteristics of the platform, the challenges to solve to achieve its implementation, and the prospective applications that it would make possible to run.

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\*\* The ISG Smart Card Centre was founded in October 2002 by Royal Holloway University of London, Vodafone and Giesecke & Devrient to create a world-wide centre of excellence for training and research in the field of smart cards, tokens, security and applications.

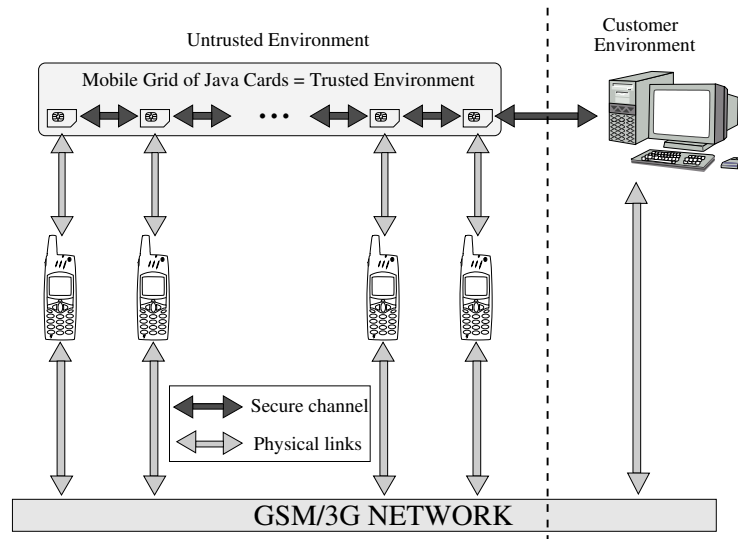


Fig. 1. The Mobile Java Card Grid architecture.

## 2 Overview of the Mobile Java Card Grid Framework

In this section we describe the main challenges that have to be dealt with to achieve the Mobile Java Card Grid project.

*Application deployment.* It is already possible today to securely deploy applications Over The Air (OTA) in the (U)SIM cards of mobile terminals, so as to be able to offer a dynamically extensible set of services. Nevertheless, it was shown in [2] that there are practical channel bandwidth constraints in the already deployed GSM networks. Thus, to securely deploy applications in this context, we will use the methods overcoming these problems and presented in [2] or the more suitable protocols and strategies developed at the ISG-SCC as described in [3,4]. All these methods are compliant with the GlobalPlatform [5,6] installation requirements and are thus applicable for already fielded and unprepared devices and cards.

*Communication.* Communication will be supported by the GSM/3G network possibilities (through the Sim ToolKit API – 3GPP TS 43.019 [7]). We will also use the Bluetooth/WiFi connectivity of the smartphones (when available) if the destination of a message can be reached this way. When that kind of communication is used, the Mobile Java Card Grid shares some aspects with the MADNESS (Mobile AD hoc Network with Embedded Secure System) project [8,9] developed at the XLIM.

*Pro-activity.* The (U)SIM cards are really well suited for this project because of their pro-activity. This feature had to be developed specifically for the original Java Card Grid since the Java Cards are passive [10].



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